How to get started in research

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GETTING TO THE PRACTICE OF PATIENT PARTNERSHIPS IN RARE DISEASE PROJECTS

Brief overview



 How to manage/coordinate a research project as a small patient organization for a disease with little focus



 Iniating and leading research instead of being just invited to join a consortium



Your responsabilities as an advocate/patient representative



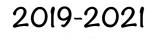
 Co-developing and co-writing a research proposal: from theory to practice



Learnings and tips











POLL

DRUG DISCOVERY

The most important thing to make a research project concretely happen is......



POLL

DRUG DISCOVERY

For my rare disease, efforts are currently needed in:

• **Basic Research**: starting from zero and learn of a biological target (e.g., an enzyme, protein, gene, etc.) thought to be dysfunctional



- Pre-clinical Research: investigate a new target
- Early Clinical Research: entering Phase I
- Late clinical research
- I don't know

CHALLENGES AND POSSIBILITIES

Theory

Research participant

MY CHALLENGES AND POSSIBILITIES

Theory Practice

Research participant

Taking action as partner and decision maker

STAGNATION OF RESEARCH





- Projects fail or are dropped at some stage of the R&D process
- Disease models do not fully recapitulate human diseases
- Academic-industrial collaborations not including patient involvement in early research stages
- Funding: we do not have a fundraising culture and "financial hubs" like in North America
- Initial research, often occurs in academia: How to start and generate interest?

STAGNATION OF RESEARCH



FACTS

- Too many products fail in Phase 2, indicating weaknesses in predictivity of preclinical studies
- Population has not been defined properly
- No early patient involvement

Where/how to start?

Identify the main actors at each research stage (it is not always Industry)



Development of novel findings into meaningful medicinal products

Is not an easy task and requires many disciplines



Your role:

Finding and bringing together different disciplines

Involving the right expert at the right time can save time and money



But, How do you select your collaborators? Where do you find the expertise you require at a specific point in time?

- ➤ Matchmaking tool
- ➤ Learning/reading about other rare diseases/research studies: you learn about disciplines and expertise that may work for your consortium as well





KNOW WHERE EFFORTS ARE NEEDED



Initial Target (protein, genes..) identification

Validation: generates increased confidence in the relationship between target and disease

Compound Screening

Lead identification and optimisation: discovering a small molecule or large molecule lead compound with the desired activity and progressing it towards a therapy Needed to justify drug discovery effort:

=

Turn a small or large molecule into a preclinical candidate

Selection of a candidate for clinical development

Many compounds may get candidate status which should not have been.

Consequent failure in preclinical or clinical studies with compounds progressing through the discovery pipeline with obvious cost and time investment



INITIAL RESEARCH (OFTEN OCCURRING IN ACADEMIA)

Data is generated to develop a hypothesis that a protein or pathway will result in a therapeutic effect in a disease

IDEA FOR A TARGET

Can come from a variety of sources: academic, clinical research and from commercial sector

Input is required from scientists from a variety of disciplines and backgrounds AND YOU ARE AMONG THESE!



Initiated and coordinated by patients



- Run by 2 patients: Myself and the president
- Annual income: ~ 5,000 EUR
- Language barrier
- Patients: Lots of requests and no desire to work in advocacy



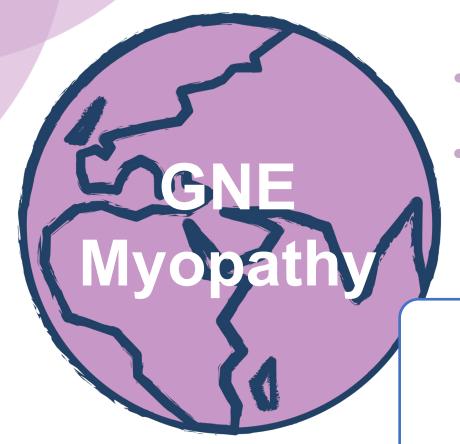


- Mutations in the GNE gene Initiates and regulates sialic acid biosynthesis pathway
- Initially identified in Japanese and Middle Eastern populations, now reported world-wide
 - 1,100 cases reported in literature

Community needs ► <u>Committed and educated advocates</u>

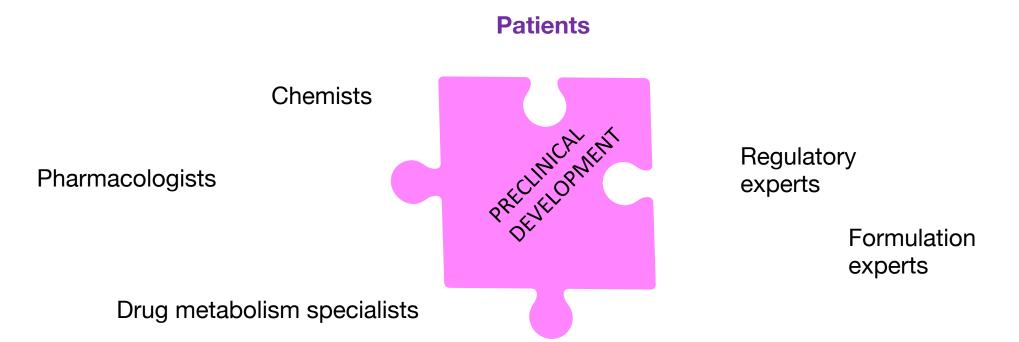
Only 2 patient organisations (Italy and India) + 2 Research Foundation (US)

Little research, little funding, in need of increased global efforts and transnational collaboration





Chemistry optimization to further improve the properties of the compound



Clinical experts

How I started contacting People



Michela Onali

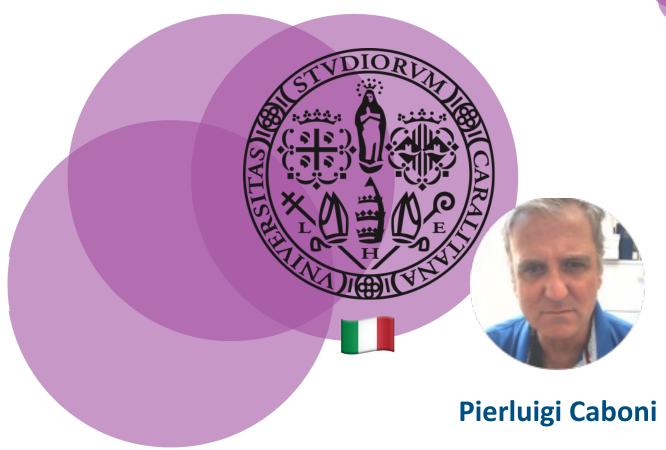




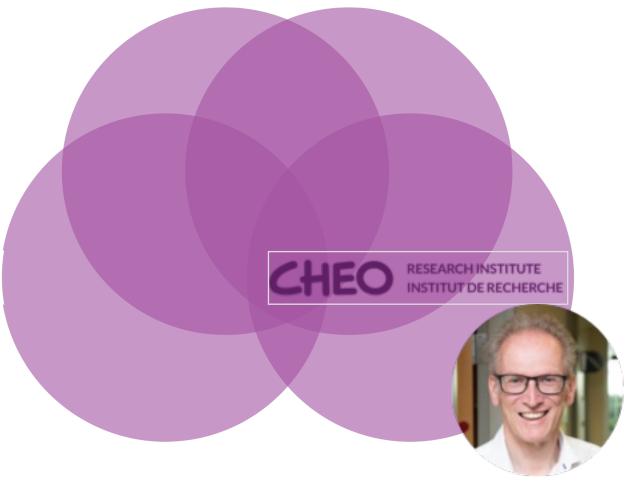


Fabrizio Pertusati









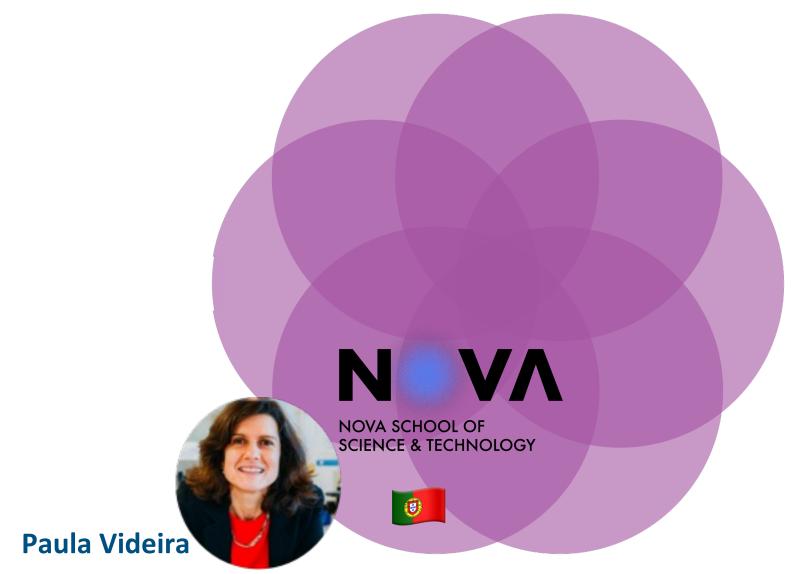
Hanns Lochmüller























IDENTIFY YOUR OBJECTIVES

Objectives in ProDGNE



1

DEVELOP

An improved substrate replacement approach

2

IMPROVE DRUG
ABSORPTION AND
THERAPEUTIC EFFECT

Address gastrointestinal AEs encountered in clinical trials **IDENTIFY**

Biomarkers through a multi-omic approach

5

4

DETERMINE

Safest and most promising compound.
Modeling GNEM in zebrafish using morpholino and CRISPR technology





IDENTIFY A POSSIBLE CALL FOR FUNDING

REASON ON THE CRITERIA/REQUIREMENTS OF THE CALL





JOINT TRANSNATIONAL CALL 2020 Pre-clinical Research to Develop Effective Therapies for Rare Diseases

 Open to research teams from countries with national/regional funders involved - min of 4 teams from 4 countries

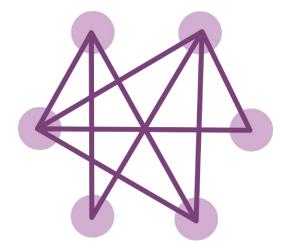


- Funding transnational collaborative research to enhance the cooperation between RD scientists across Europe and beyond
- Each country/region funds their own national/regional component of the transnational research project
- Funding from the European Commission distributed through the national/regional funding agencies
- INSERM funding PAOs: 50,000EUR per consortium



PROPOSAL SUBMISSION

Basis to build mutual trust, team spirit, long-lasting relationships





Joint Transnational Call 2020

Pre-clinical Research to Develop Effective Therapies for Rare Diseases

EJP RD Joint Transnational Call 2020

Pre-clinical Research to Develop Effective Therapies for Rare Diseases PRE-PROPOSAL AND FULL-PROPOSAL

- Background, state of the art in the research field and preliminary results obtained by the consortium members
- Description of the working program including objectives, the rationale and the methodology, highlighting the novelty, main hypothesis(es), originality and feasibility of the project
- Description of the unmet medical and patient need that is addressed by the proposed work and the potential health impact that the results of your proposed work will have;
- 4. Added value of the transnational collaboration
- Description of patient organizations within the proposal, including their role and contribution
- 6. Risk management: identification of possible bottlenecks
- 7. Feasibility of the project given requested resources
- 8. Realistic timelines



Your role as applicant

- Before contacting your first partner, be concrete,
 short and include the call for proposals + deadline
- Read carefully the pre-announcement, eligibility and call criteria to gain more time to contact possible partners and initiate discussions
- Partner finding tool can help if available
- Check eligible countries/beneficiaries
- Involve Early Career Researchers and partners from countries usually underrepresented (Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Lithuania, Poland, and Turkey)
- Discuss the role of PAO in the project

THINGS THAT "COULD" HAVE STOPPED ME





How to coordinate and manage a Research team and position yourself as a primary partner?

ATTRACT RESEARCHERS TOWARD YOUR IDEA



Especially the ones new to your disease

Make the idea interesting and stimulating (Researchers spend already a lot of their time writing grant proposals)

Be present. Do not underestimate the impact of your motivation and the value of your ideas

Show your ideas have the biggest foundation: you live the disease every day, you have (re) read all possible scientific publications about your disease

You are an advocate so you follow research efforts world-wide

You may have a direct experience as a research participant

You go beyond statistics: You talk to patients and collect their individual experience and needs

- YOU KNOW ABOUT R&D -

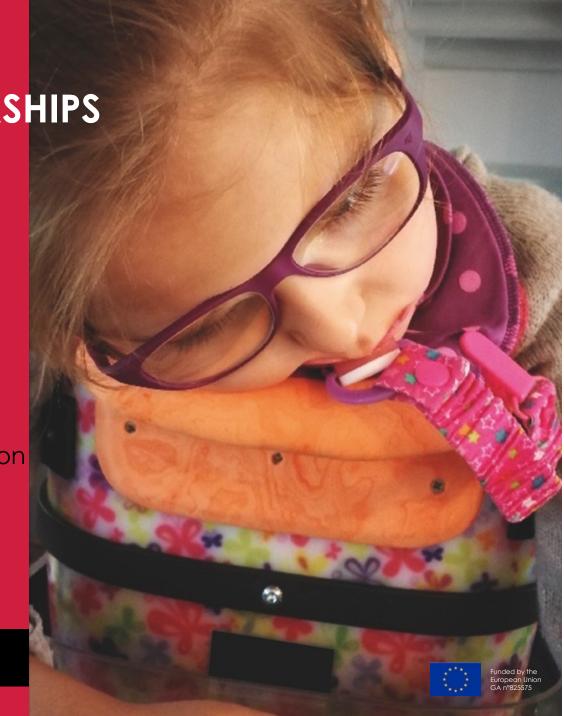
SHORT GUIDE
ON PATIENT PARTNERSHIPS
IN RARE DISEASE
RESEARCH PROJECTS

BASIC PRE-CLINICAL TRANSLATIONAL & SOCIAL

Written by the members of the working group PENREP* Guide first published in July 2020 on www.ejprarediseases.org

* Patient Engagement in Biomedical Research Projects.



















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From Lab to Clinic: Translational Research for Rare Diseases

Gain an overview of the issues, challenges, and opportunities in translating research into treatments for rare disease patients.

*** 4.8 (13 reviews) 1,784 enrolled on this course

Educators are currently active on this course

From Lab to Clinic: Translational Research for Rare Diseases



1,784 enrolled on this course

₹ 5 weeks

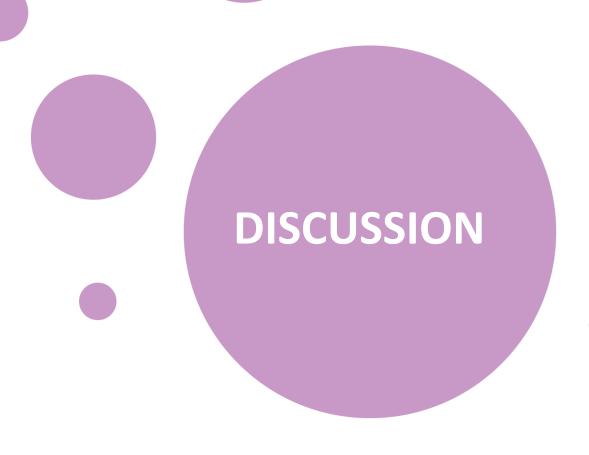
4 hours per week

Digital certificate when eligible

✓ Introductory level

Join course





SAVE THE DATE! Final ProDGNE public meeting: in Sardinia on 19-20 April 2024

X @ProDGNE