

# Translational research: what, why, how and with whom??

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March 2018

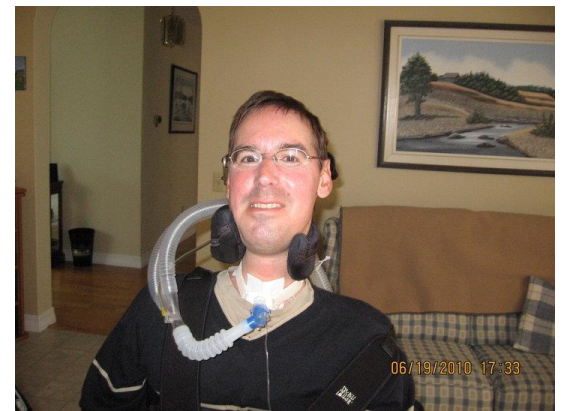
PARIS



## Use therapy development for DMD as a showcase

- Patient community involvement
- The need for timely tool development
- The importance of involving all stakeholders
- The importance of good communication
- Bilateral education → trilateral education
- Can we learn from our mistakes?

# Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy



# Steps towards a marketed drugs

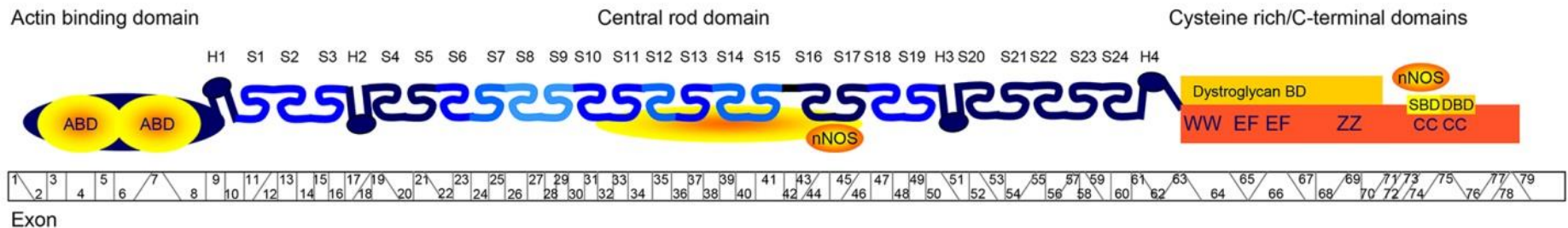
- Fundamental research
- Proof-of-concept studies
- Pre-clinical studies
- Clinical trials
- Marketing authorization (regulators, EMA)
- Health insurance/implementation
- Post marketing studies (MEB)

# Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy

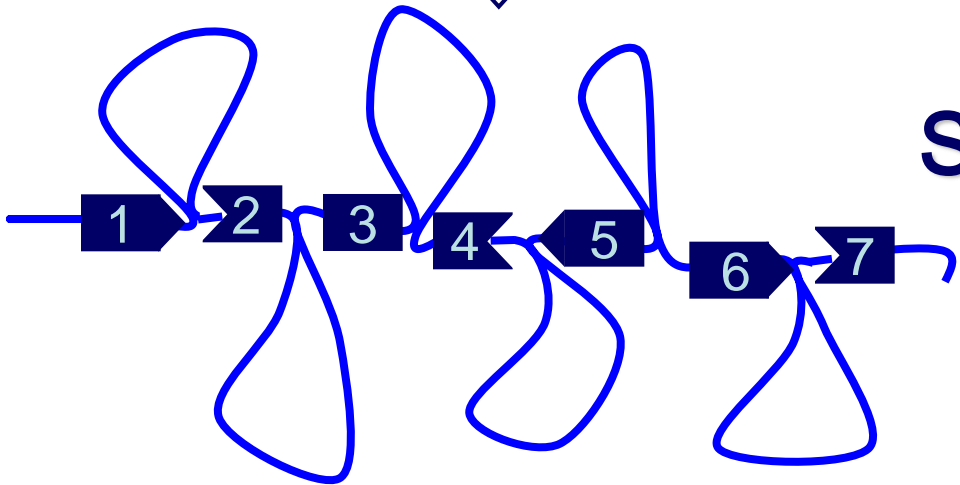
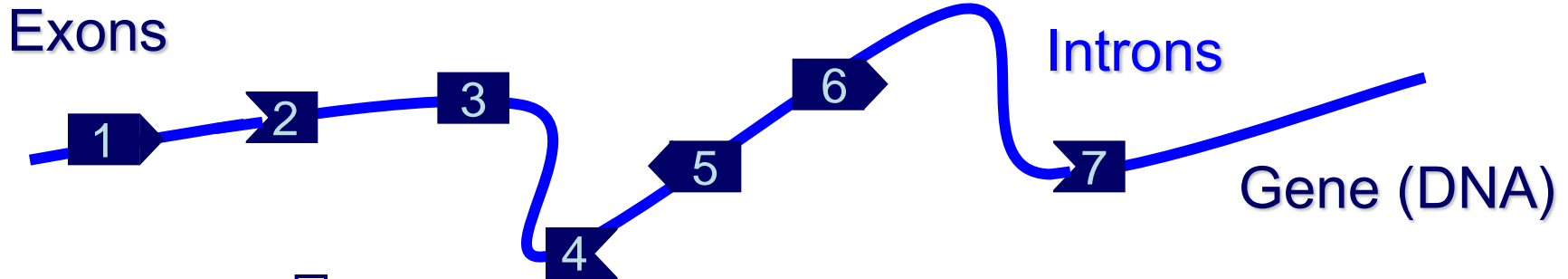


# Step 1: Fundamental research (\$\$)

- DMD patients lack dystrophin protein
- BMD patients have altered dystrophins
- Acts as shock absorber
- Connects muscle cytoskeleton to connective tissue
- Functional domains located at beginning and end



# Splicing



**Splicing** messenger RNA

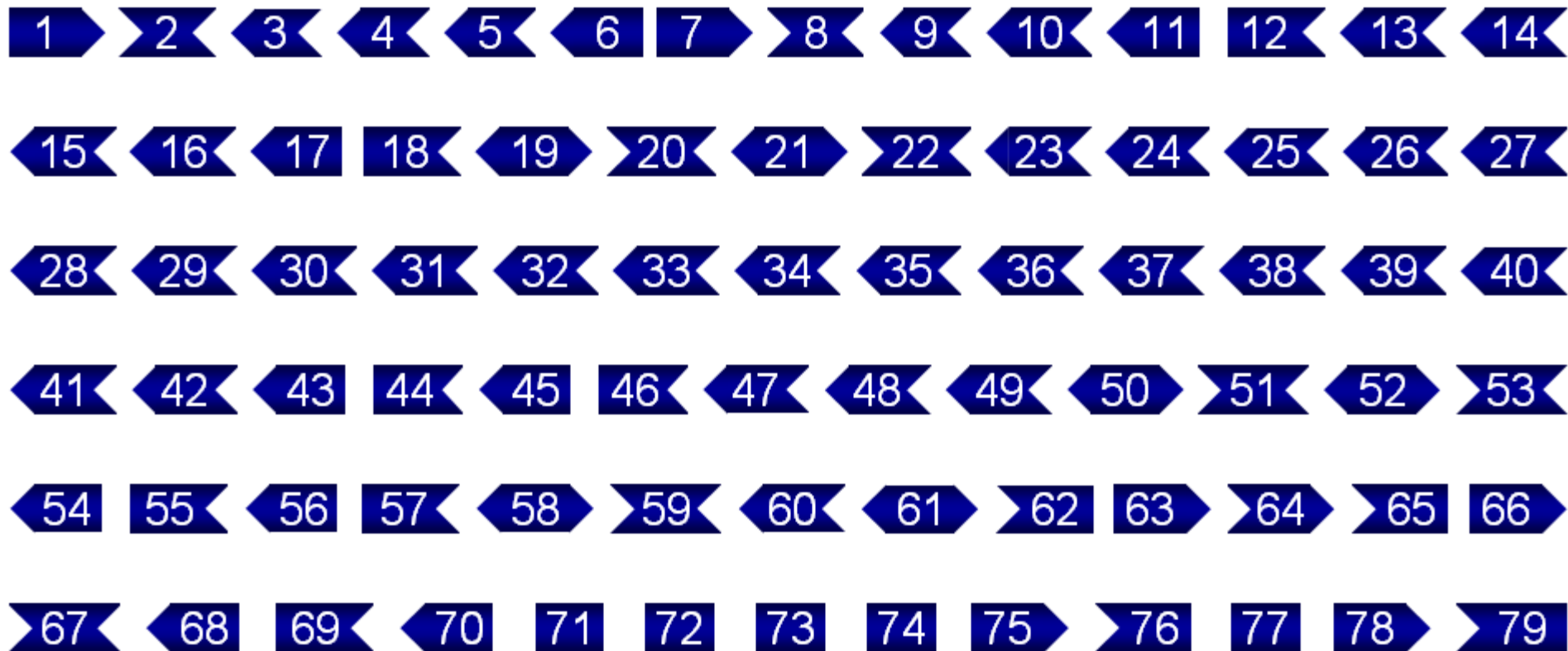


1 ..... 79



**dystrophin protein**

# Dystrophin exons





# Exon 48-50 deletion



Disrupted reading frame



Protein translation truncated prematurely



Dystrophin not functional

# Becker: reading frame maintained

Exon 46 < Exon 47 < Exon 52 > Exon 53



Reading frame not disrupted



Protein translation continues

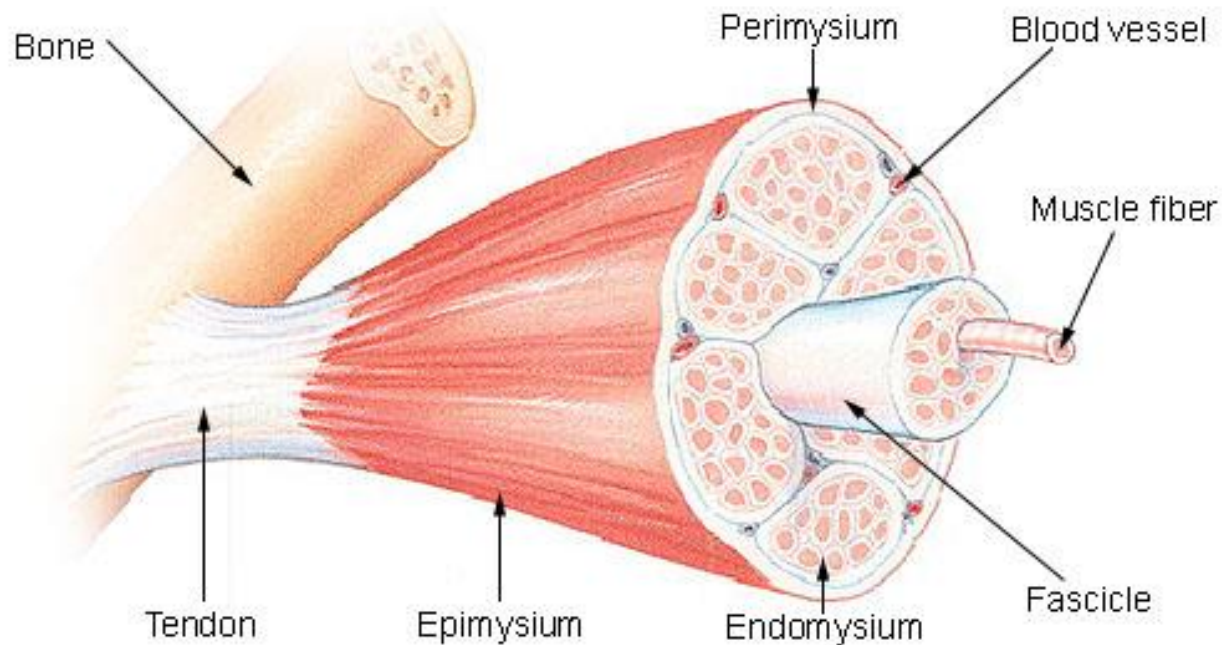


Dystrophin partly functional

# Challenges for DMD therapy



## Structure of a Skeletal Muscle



# Duchenne vs Becker



# Exon skipping to restore reading frame



Reading frame restored

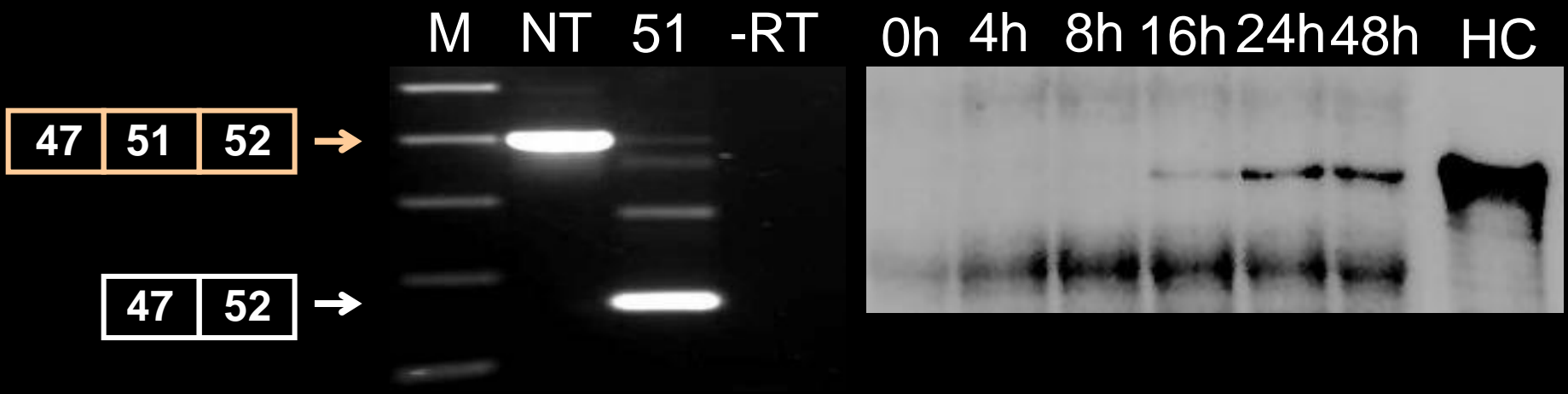


Partially functional dystrophin

Idea → Experiments \$\$\$

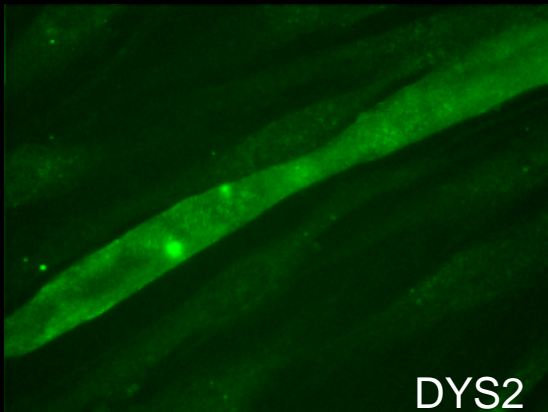
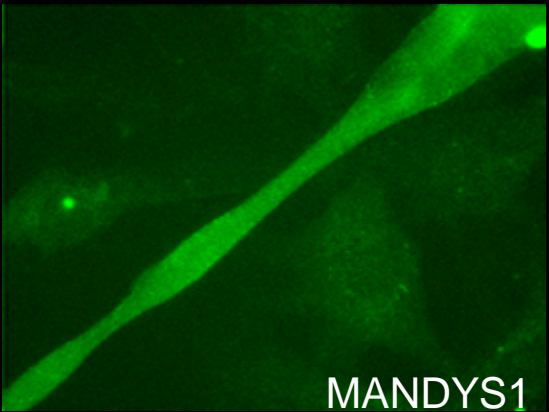


# Step 1: DMD cells start making dystrophin

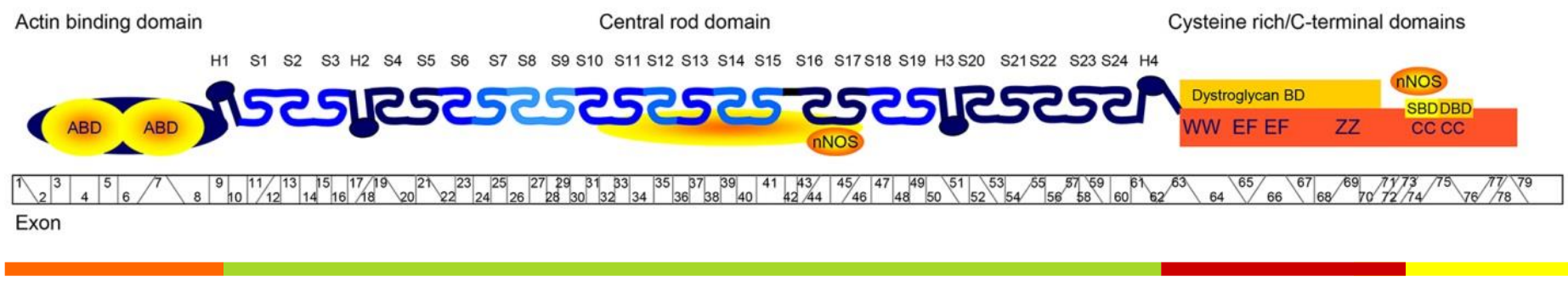


NT

48 post transfection



# Mutation specific approach



hotspot

Exon	All mutations	Deletions
51	14%	21%
45	9.0%	13%
53	8.1%	12%
44	7.6%	11%
50	3.8%	5.6%
43	3.1%	4.5%
8	2.0%	2.9%

Bladen et al, Hum Mut 2015



# Communication

- Not applicable to all patients
- Patient education
- Explain how approach works
  - [www.exonskipping.nl](http://www.exonskipping.nl)
  - [www.dmd.nl/gt/dance](http://www.dmd.nl/gt/dance)
- **Realistic expectations**
- **Slows down disease progression**
- **Not a cure**


## Leading Article

The Patient - Patient-Centered Outcomes Research

February 2015, Volume 8, Issue 1, pp 19-27

First online: 19 December 2014

# Caregiver Preferences for Emerging Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy Treatments: A Comparison of Best-Worst Scaling and Conjoint Analysis

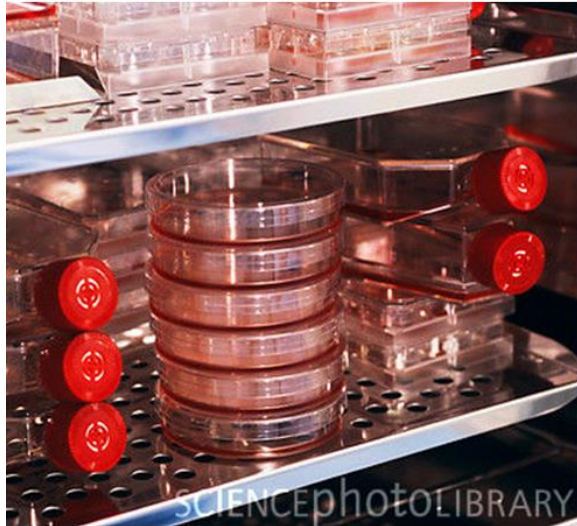
[Ilene L. Hollin](#), [Holly L. Peay](#), [John F. P. Bridges](#) 



## Article Metrics

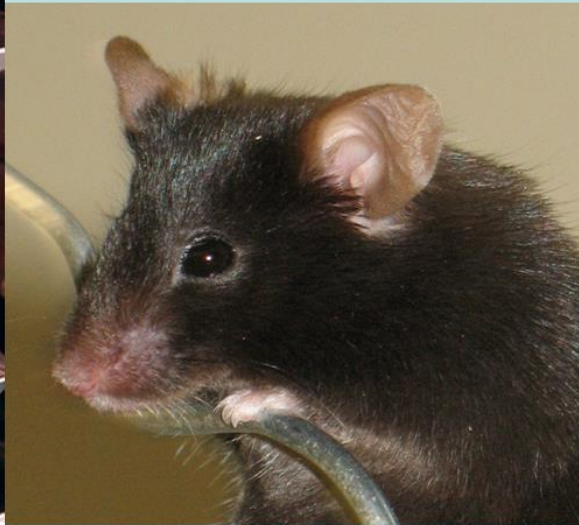
# Therapeutic development

## Cultured Cells



- First test
- Feasibility
- Small numbers
- No circulation
- No immunity
- No organs

## Animal models



- *Mdx* mouse
  - No dystrophin
  - Organs, immunity
- Limitation
- Regenerates well
  - High metabolism

## Patients



- Phase 1/2
- Safety
  - No control group
- Phase 2-3:
- Effective?
  - Long term safety?

# Step 2: first clinical trial

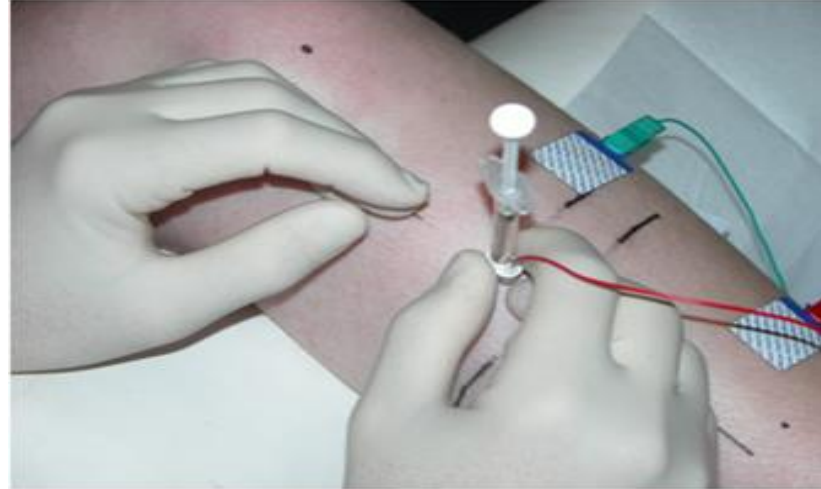
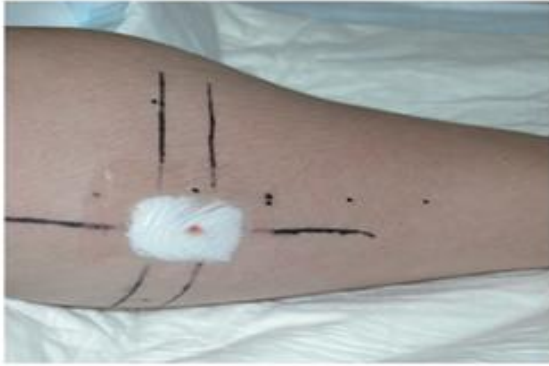
PROSENSA

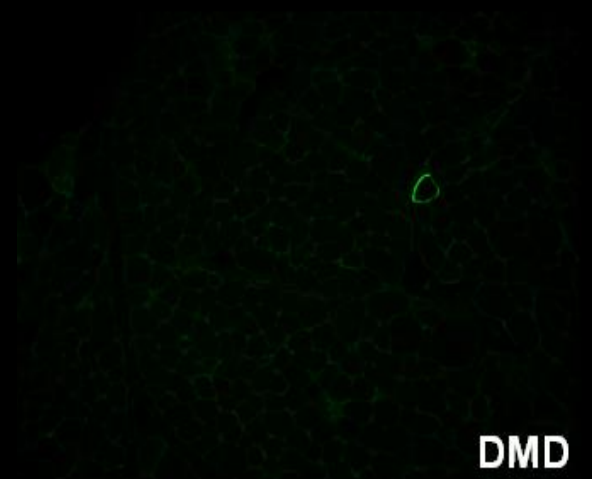
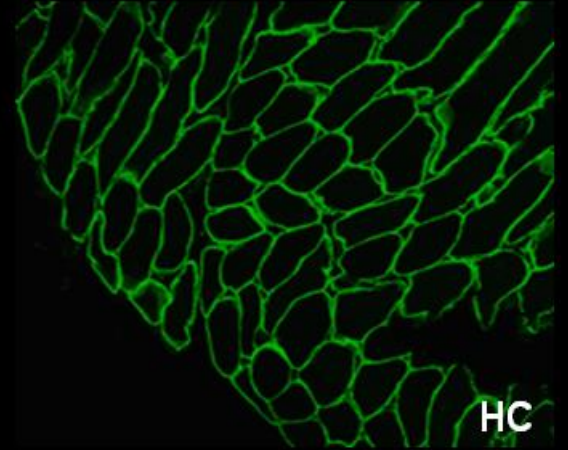
● The Company    ● Corporate    ● Technology    ● Product Development

'Innovative RNA-based Therapeutics

**acting at**

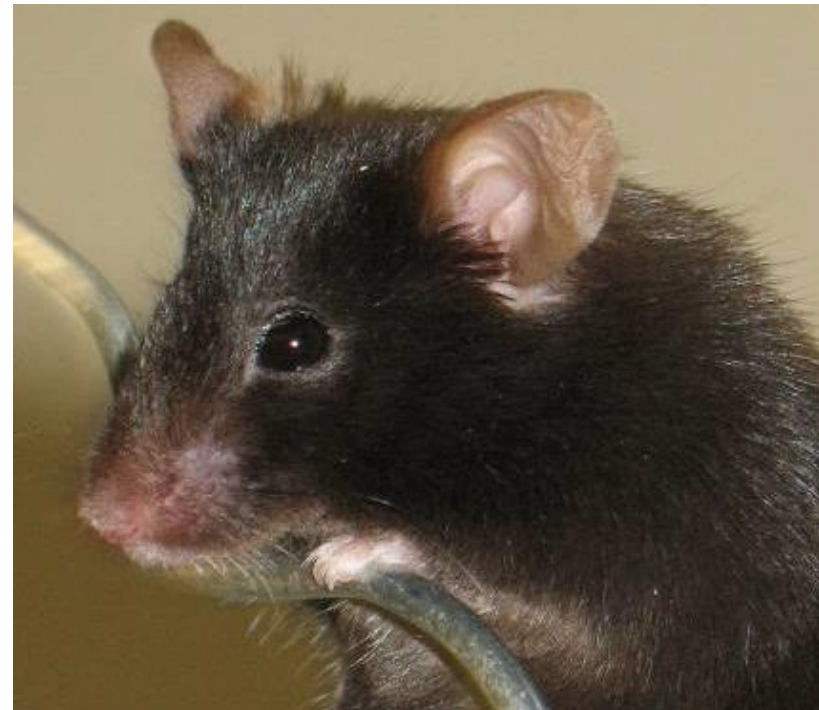
the cause of the disease'





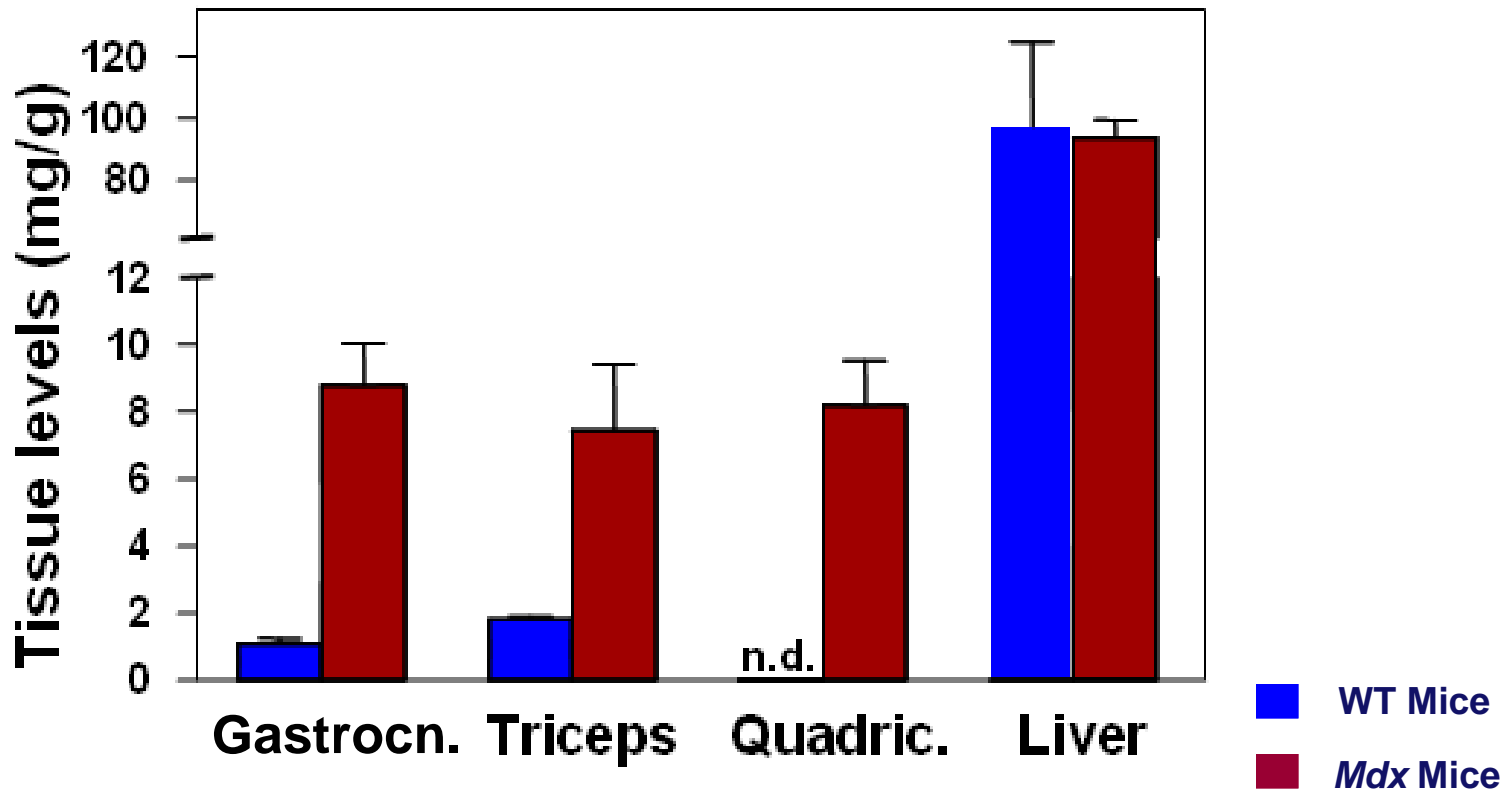
## Step 3: mouse models

- *No animal model is perfect – that does not mean they are not useful*
- Spontaneous mutation in mouse dystrophin
- No dystrophin production
- Dystrophic muscles
- Milder phenotype
- Test systemic delivery



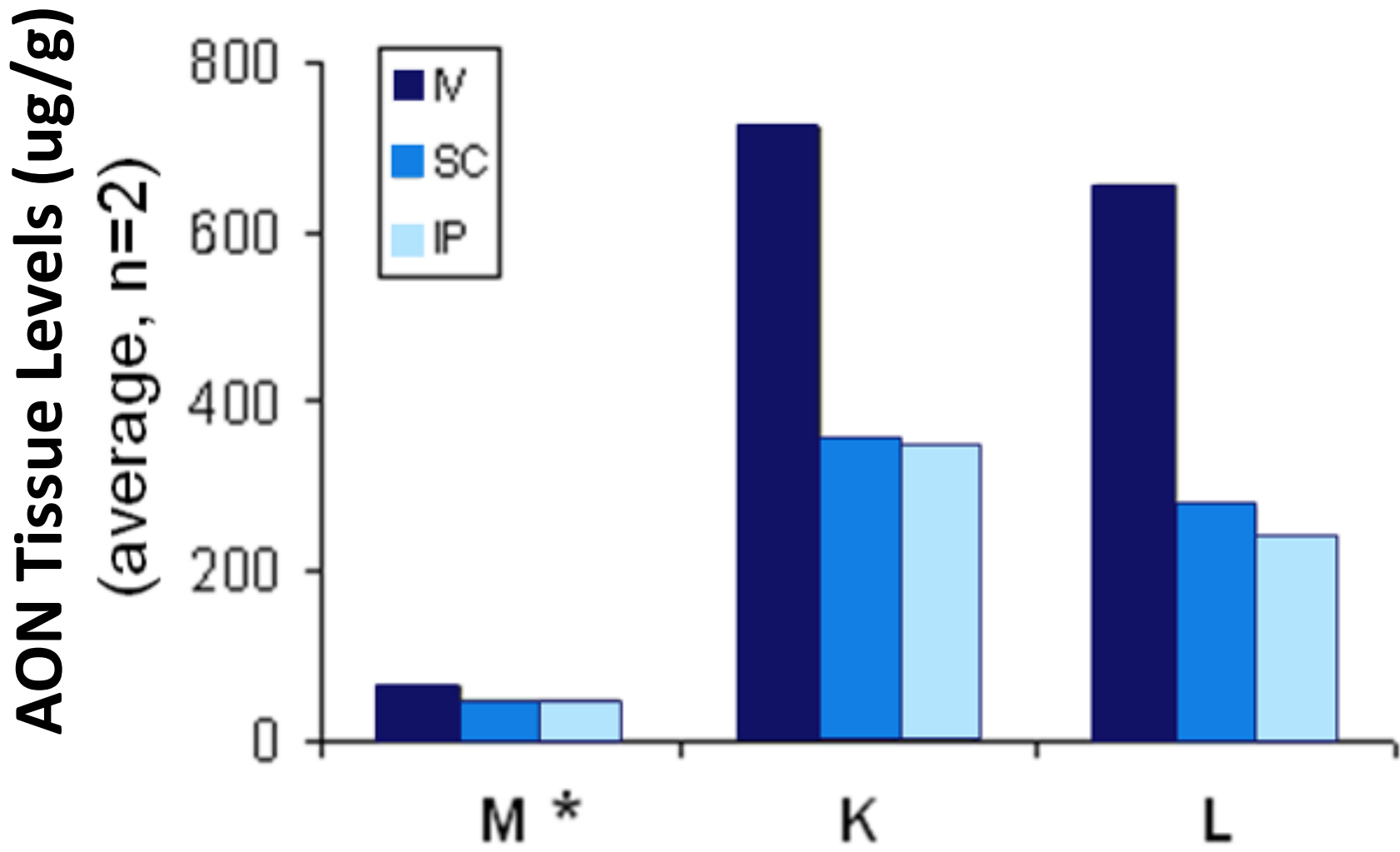
# Systemic studies in *mdx* mice

## AON levels in muscle and Liver





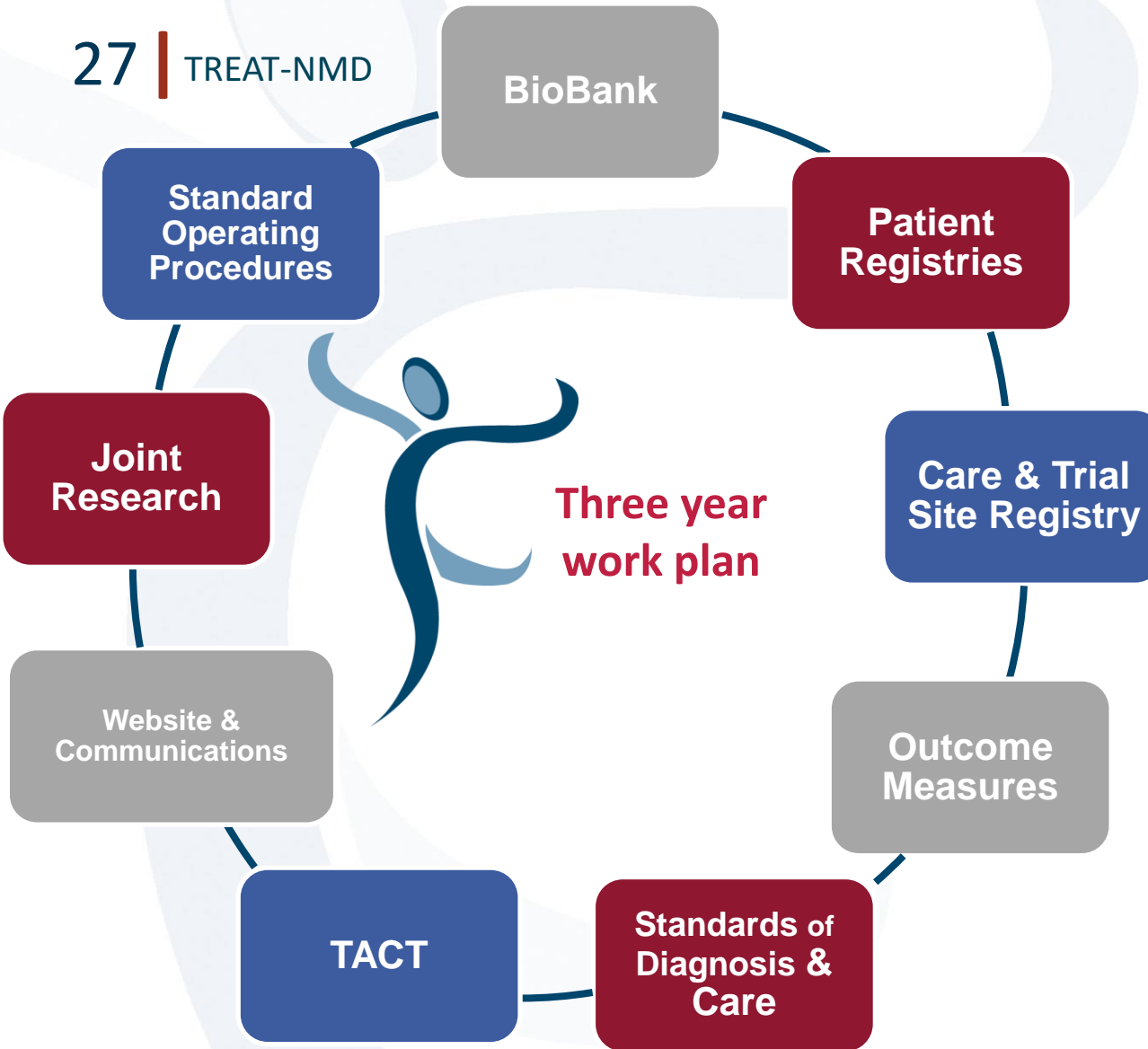
# Delivery routes



# Step 4: Systemic efficacy trials

## How are drugs approved?

- For rare diseases European Medicines Agency (EMA) approves drugs
- Regulators base approval on benefit/risk analysis
- Need to show 'clinical benefit' for patients
- Need tools
  - Outcome measures
  - Natural history data



**2007-2011**  
EU funded Network

**2012 onwards**  
Alliance funded through multiple streams with global partners & membership

**Governance**  
Chair – Kevin Flanigan  
Vice Chair – Filippo Buccella

**Executive Committee**  
Supported by academic advisory board (“task force”) of NMD leaders

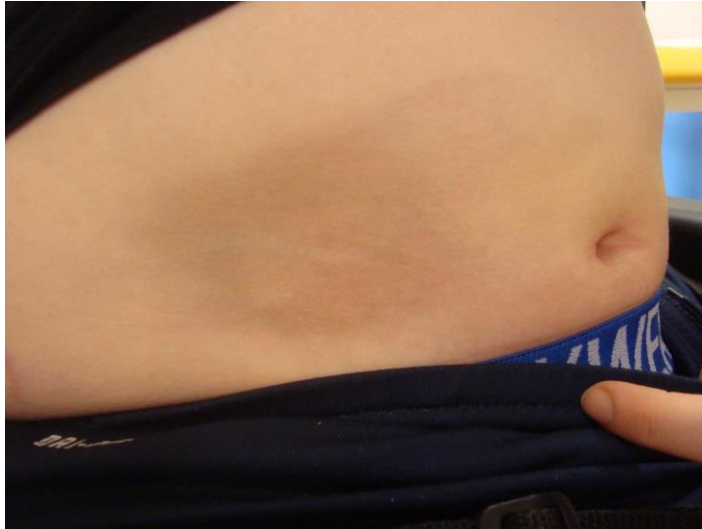
# Trials were initiated (2008-2010)

- Subcutaneous delivery
- 2a: Dose escalation (n=12)
- 2b: Dose regimen (n=51)
- 2b: Dose comparison (n=51)
- 3: Efficacy study (n=186)
- Open label extension study for each
- Primary endpoint: 6 minute walk test

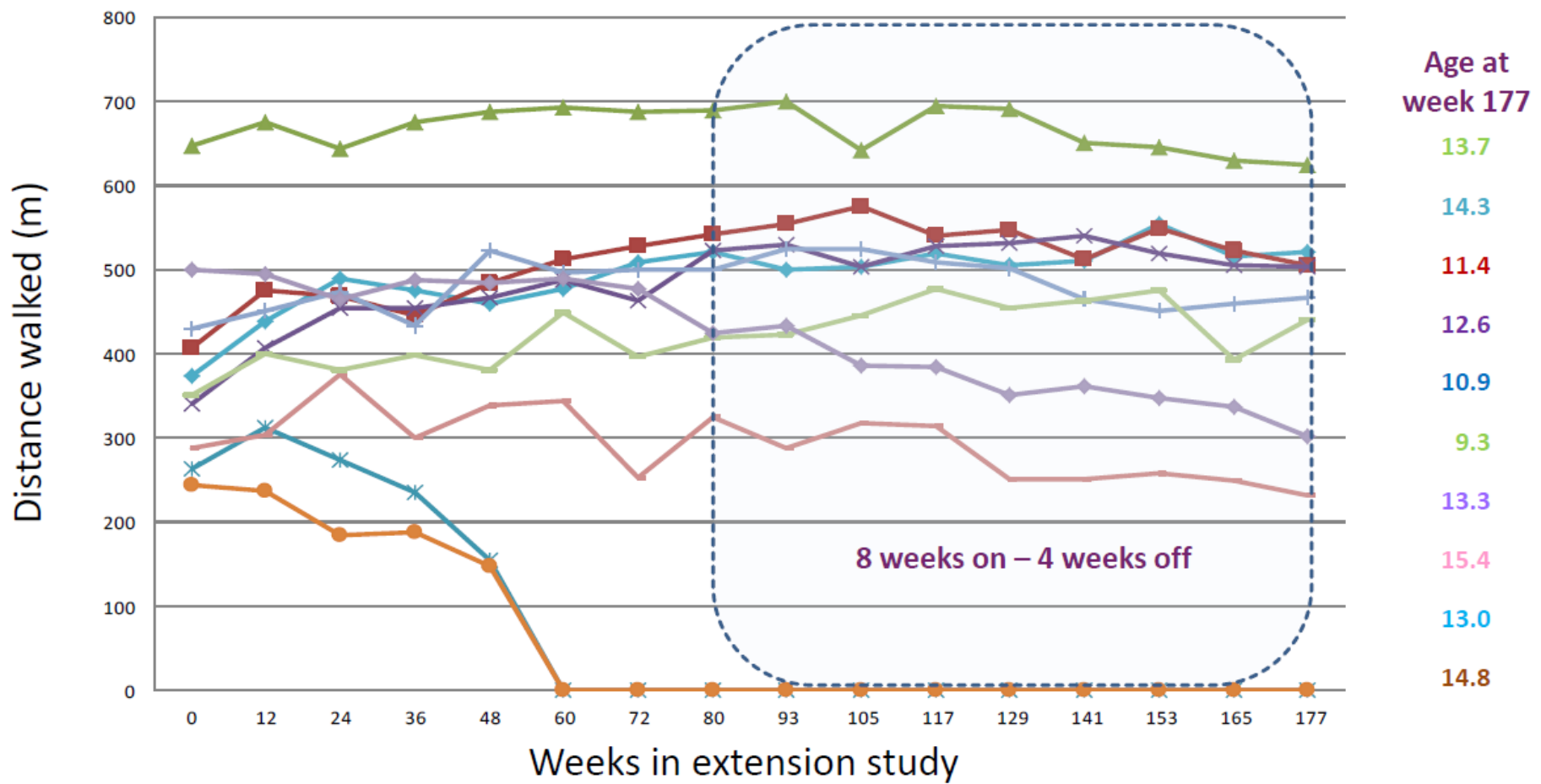
# Side effects observed

- Local injection reactions
  - Known effect of subcutaneous delivery of PS AONs
  - Intravenous delivery: no injection reactions
- Proteinuria (reversible during treatment breaks)
- Thrombocytopenia in some patients

# Drisapersen - skin reactions

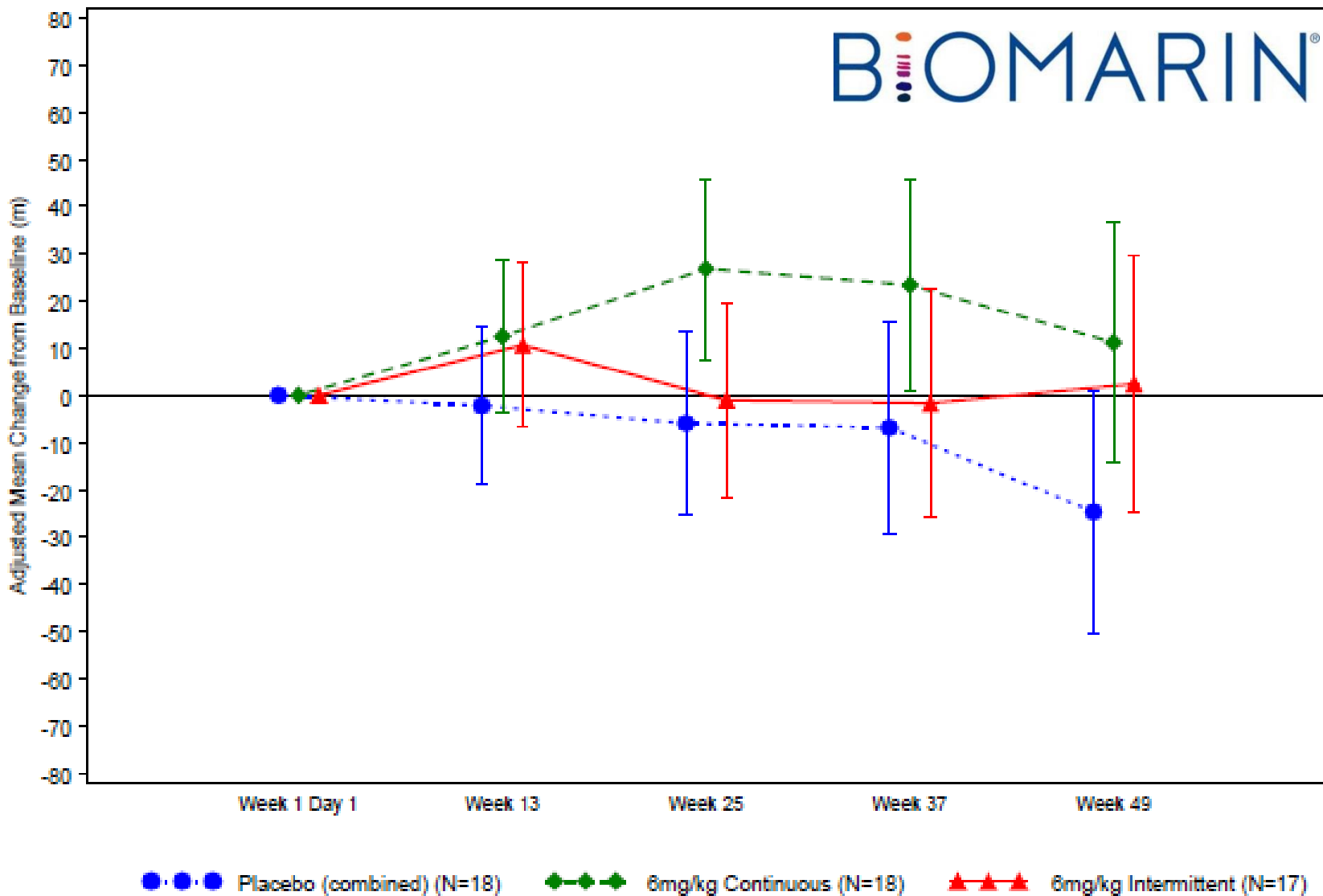


# Open label study after dose escalation



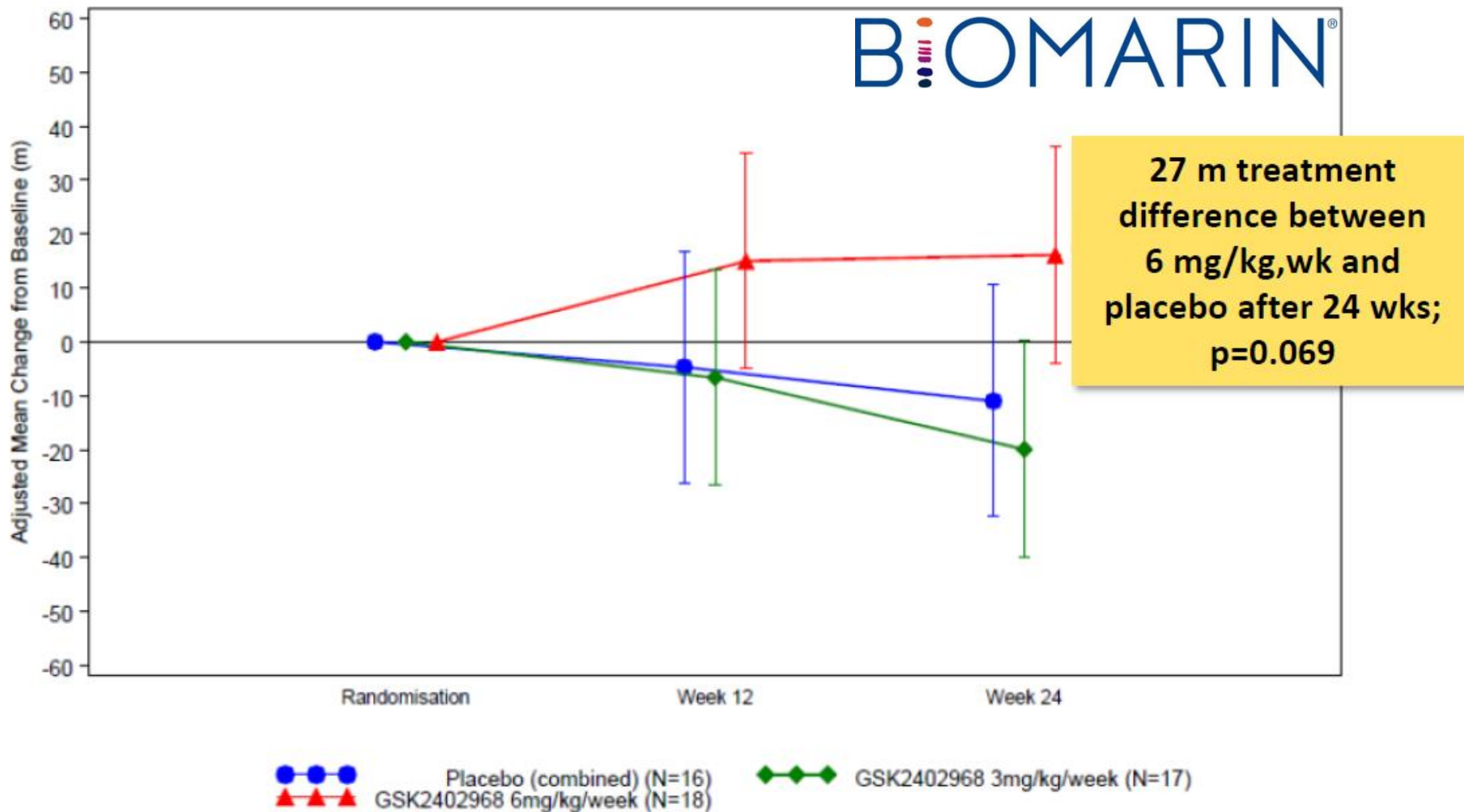
# Phase 2b. Dose regimen study

B:OMARIN®

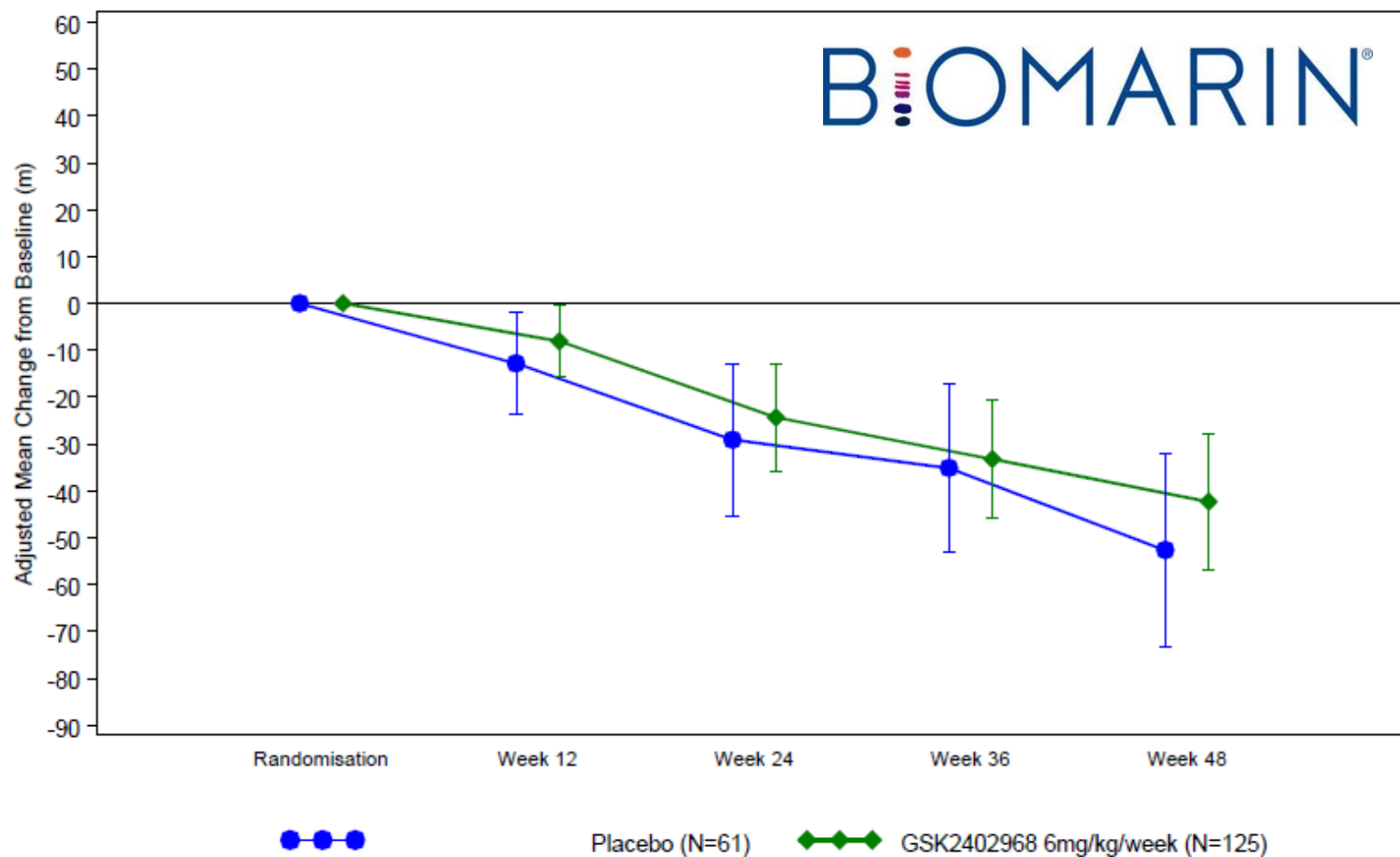




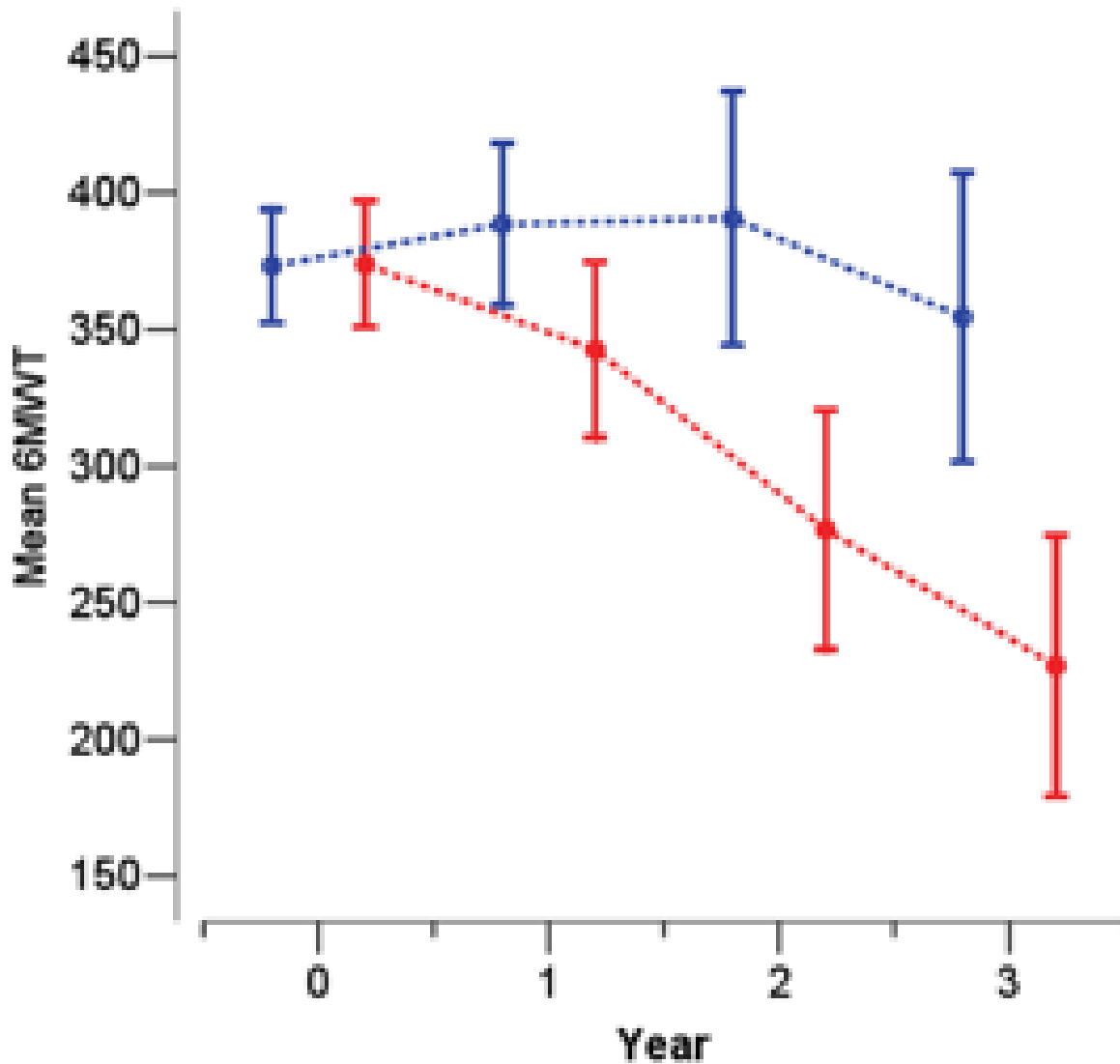
# Phase 2b. Dose comparison



# Phase 3. Efficacy study



# What we know now




Blue: below 7  
Red: above 7

# In hindsight

- Information too limited to allow set up ideal trial
- Limited information on 6MWT
  - Variation
  - Progression in different age ranges
- Power calculations impossible
- Selection of ideal cohort impossible
- Difficult to pick up minor treatment effect

# Is this the end?

- Phase 3 population more advanced disease
  - See more response in younger patients
  - See more response in early stage patients
- Open label studies: effect clearer after 2 years
- Applied for FDA approval: not granted
- EMA application withdrawn
  - Limited benefit vs side effects
- Exon 44, 45 and 53 skipping programmes stopped
- Focus on next generation AONs 

# Collateral benefits



# PUL test: developed WITH patients

13 |



## Clinical meaning of current PUL items

Shoulder abduction flexion to and above shoulder height	→	Access to cupboards, book shelves, using hair dryer, combing hair
Hands to mouth	→	Self feed
Hand(s) to table from lap	→	Independence to reach things on a table from a chair
Move weight on table	→	Classroom activities, feeding table use, board games
Lifting light cans	→	Reaching across a table to get something
Lifting heavy cans	→	Putting things away, getting things out
Remove lid from container	→	Can access items in a container
Tearing paper	→	Simulates two handed activity like opening letters or crisps
Tracing path	→	Simulates writing
Push on the light	→	Simulated activities that require application of pressure with fingers e.g. door bell
Supination	→	Giving and receiving of money
Picking up coins	→	Handling money
Placing finger on number diagram	→	Simulating use of a key pad eg text and phone and remote
Finger grip items	→	Simulates fine motor activities accessing technology that requires minimal finger movement

# Trilateral education

- Regulators are no experts in any rare disease
- DMD field no expert in regulatory affairs
- Stakeholder meetings organized to learn each others language and perspective and plan for future
  - Patients/parents
  - Academics
  - Regulators
  - Industry



# Road to success: communication



16TLN0102

Policy View

SP

This version saved: 11:13, 21-Apr-16

THELANCETNEUROLOGY-D-16-00102R1

S1474-4422(16)30035-7

Embargo: [add date when known]

## Stakeholder cooperation to overcome challenges in orphan medicine development: the example of Duchenne muscular dystrophy



*Volker Straub, Pavel Balabanov, Kate Bushby, Monica Ensini, Nathalie Goemans, Annamaria De Luca, Alejandra Pereda, Robert Hemmings, Giles Campion, Edward Kaye, Virginia Arechavala-Gomez, Aurelie Goyenville, Erik Niks, Olav Veldhuizen, Pat Furlong, Violeta Stoyanova-Beninska, Matthew J Wood, Alex Johnson, Eugenio Mercuri, Francesco Muntoni, Bruno Sepodes, Manuel Haas, Elizabeth Vroom, Annemieke Aartsma-Rus*

[Free copy available on Researchgate](#)

# Others are following example

The screenshot shows the homepage of the European Medicines Agency (EMA). The header includes the EMA logo, the text "EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH", and "An agency of the European Union" with the EU flag. A search bar and social media links are also present. The main navigation menu includes "Home", "Find medicine", "Human regulatory", "Veterinary regulatory", "Committees", "News & events", "Partners & networks", and "About us". The "News & events" section is active, showing a breadcrumb trail: "Home > News and Events > Calendar". The main content area features a sidebar with navigation options like "News and press release archive", "Committee meeting highlights", "Calendar", "Public consultations", "Statistics", "What's new", "Press contacts", "Logo and visual identity", "Leaflets", "RSS feeds", "Newsletters", and "Social media". The main article is titled "Spinal muscular atrophy workshop" and includes options for "Email", "Print", and "Help". The article details are as follows:

<b>Title</b>	Spinal muscular atrophy workshop
<b>Date</b>	11/11/2016 - 11/11/2016
<b>Location</b>	European Medicines Agency, London
<b>Summary</b>	The European Medicines Agency (EMA), SMA Europe and TREAT NMD are co-organising a one-day workshop on spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) on 11th November this year. The workshop will bring together key stakeholders to discuss, help and advance the development of therapies for the treatment of SMA. Topics for discussion will include an overview of the disease, the pharmacology of the molecules under investigation, natural history data, clinical outcome measures and <u>biomarkers</u> .

Related information:

- Registration by invitation only
- Places limited

Contact point: [vilma.pakenyte@ema.europa.eu](mailto:vilma.pakenyte@ema.europa.eu)

# Lessons learned by the field

- Have natural history data available (especially for your outcome measures)
- Suboptimal trial design can lead to false negative results (especially for low effective drugs)
- Develop outcome measures in parallel with therapeutic approach and involve patients
- Involve **all stakeholders** from an early stage
- Learn each other's language

# Retrospective analysis

A black and white close-up portrait of Albert Einstein, showing his characteristic wild hair and deep wrinkles. He is looking slightly to the right of the camera with a thoughtful expression. His hands are visible at the bottom right, appearing to be in a gesture of contemplation or explanation.

**“INSANITY IS DOING THE SAME THING, OVER  
AND OVER AGAIN, BUT EXPECTING DIFFERENT  
RESULTS.”**

**ALBERT EINSTEIN**

© Lifehack Quotes

# Current situation

FDA News Release


## FDA grants accelerated approval to first drug for Duchenne muscular dystrophy

 SHARE

 TWEET

 LINKEDIN

 PIN IT

 EMAIL

 PRINT

For Immediate  
Release

September 19, 2016

- No functional data available yet
- Approval based on minute increases in dystrophin
- Clear room for improvement
- Evaluation EMA pending

# Acknowledgements

## Exon Skip group

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Zaida Koeks

Jan verschuuren

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